

Safe Harbor Notice

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation, other written or oral communications, and our public documents to which we refer contain or incorporate by reference certain forward-looking statements which are based on various assumptions (some of which are beyond our control) and may be identified by reference to a future period or periods or by the use of forward-looking terminology, such as "may," "will," "expect," "anticipate," "continue," or similar terms or variations on those terms or the negative of those terms. Such statements include those relating to our future performance, macro outlook, the interest rate and credit environments, tax reform and future opportunities. Actual results could differ materially from those set forth in forward-looking statements due to a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, changes in interest rates; changes in the yield curve; changes in prepayment rates; the availability of mortyage-backed securities ("MBS") and other securities for purchase; the availability of financing and, if available, the terms of any financing; changes in the market value of our assets; changes in business conditions and the general economy; our ability to grow our commercial real estate business; our ability to grow our residential credit business; our ability to grow our middle market lending business; credit risks related to our investments in mortgage servicing rights; our ability to consummate any contemplated investment opportunities; changes in government regulations or policy affecting our business; our ability to maintain our qualification as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes; our ability to maintain our exemption from registration under the circumstances that could give rise to the termination of the Internalization Agreement; the outcome of any legal proceedings that may be instituted against the parties to the Internalization Agreement; the inability to complete the Internalization due to the failure to satisfy closing conditions or otherwise; risks that the Internalization disrupts our curr

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This presentation includes certain non-GAAP financial measures, including core earnings metrics, which are presented both inclusive and exclusive of the premium amortization adjustment ("PAA"). We believe the non-GAAP financial measures are useful for management, investors, analysts, and other interested parties in evaluating our performance but should not be viewed in isolation and are not a substitute for financial measures computed in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). In addition, we may calculate non-GAAP metrics, which include core earnings, and the PAA, differently than our peers making comparative analysis difficult. Please see the section entitled "Non-GAAP Reconciliations" in the attached Appendix for a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures.

Annaly Investment Strategies

The **Annaly Agency Group** invests in Agency MBS collateralized by residential mortgages which are guaranteed by Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac or Ginnie Mae

Assets ⁽¹⁾	\$120.3bn				
Capital ⁽²⁾	\$10.9bn				
Sector Rank ⁽³⁾	#1/ 7				
Strategy	Countercyclical / Defensive				
Illustrative Levered Returns ⁽⁴⁾	10% - 12%				

The **Annaly Residential Credit Group** invests in Non-Agency residential mortgage assets within the securitized product and whole loan markets

	Assets ⁽¹⁾	\$3.9bn
	Capital ⁽²⁾	\$1.5bn
	Sector Rank ⁽³⁾	#9/14
Pia/	Strategy	Cyclical / Growth
Fed.	Illustrative Levered Returns ⁽⁴⁾	11% - 13%
7		

Assets ⁽¹⁾	\$2.3bn
Capital ⁽²⁾	\$0.9bn
Sector Rank ⁽³⁾	#7/15
Strategy	Cyclical / Growth
Illustrative Levered Returns ⁽⁴⁾	9% - 11%

Assets: \$128.7bn⁽¹⁾ Market Cap: \$14.0bn

Assets	\$2.1bn
Capital ⁽²⁾	\$1.3bn
Sector Rank ⁽³⁾	#10/44
Strategy	Non-Cyclical / Defensive
Illustrative Levered Returns ⁽⁴⁾	9% - 11%

The Annaly Commercial Real Estate Group originates and invests in commercial mortgage loans, securities and other commercial real estate debt and equity investments

The **Annaly Middle Market Lending Group** provides financing to private equity backed middle market businesses across the capital structure

Represents credit business

Source: Bloomberg and Company filings. Market data as of December 31, 2019. Financial data as of January 31, 2020

Assets represent Annaly's portfolio of investments on its balance sheet. Agency assets include TBA purchase contracts (market value) of \$6.9bn and MSRs of \$378.1mm and exclude securitized debt of consolidated VIEs of \$1.0bn, Residential Credit assets exclude securitized debt of consolidated VIEs of \$2.0bn. Commercial Real Estate assets exclude securitized debt of consolidated VIEs of \$2.6bn.

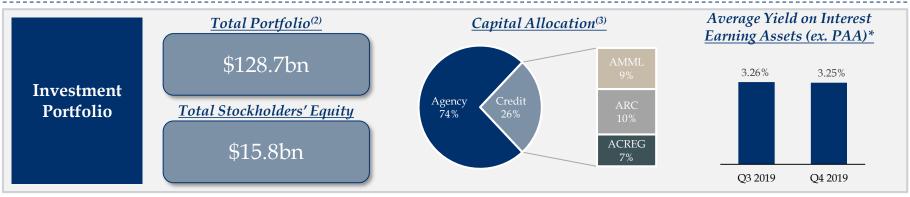
Capital represents the capital allocation for each of the four investment strategies and is calculated as the difference between each investment strategies' assets and related financing. This calculation includes TBA purchase contracts and excludes non-portfolio related activity and will vary from total stockholders' equity.

Sector rank compares Annaly dedicated capital in each of its four investment strategies as of December 31, 2019 (adjusted for P/B as of Janua 31, 2020) to the market capitalization of the companies in each respective comparative sector as of January 31, 2020. The companies in each comparative sectors are selected as follows: for Agency, Commercial Real Estate and Residential Credit sector ranking represent Agency Peers, Commercial Peers and Hybrid Peers, respectively, within the BBREMTG Index as of January 31, 2020 and for Middle Market Lending sector ranking is the S&P BDC Index as of January 31, 2020.

Levered return assumptions are for illustrative purposes only and attempt to represent current market asset returns and financing terms as of January 31, 2020 for prospective investments of the same, or of a substantially similar, nature in each respective group.

Fourth Quarter 2019 Financial Highlights

Dividend per Share / Yield(1) Net Interest Margin Net Interest Margin Earnings (Loss) per Share $(ex. PAA)^*$ 1.67% GAAP (ex. PAA)* \$0.25 / 10.6% \$0.26 1.41% **Earnings &** 1.10% **Book Value** Book Value per Share Economic Return - Q4/FY 0.75% \$9.66 7.6% / 14.1% O3 2019 O4 2019 O3 2019 O4 2019





Source: Company filings. Financial data as of December 31, 2019, unless otherwise noted. * Represents a non-GAAP financial measure; see Appendix. Dividend yield is based on annualized Q4 2019 dividend of \$0.25 and a closing price of \$9.42 on December 31, 2019.

- Total portfolio represents Annaly's portfolio of investments on its balance sheet, including TBA purchase contracts and excluding securitized
- Capital allocation for each of the four investment strategies is calculated as the difference between each investment strategies' assets and related financing. This calculation includes TBA purchase contracts and excludes non-portfolio related activity and will vary from total stockholders'
- Residential whole loan securitizations since the beginning of the fourth quarter include: (1) a \$465mm residential whole loan securitization in October 2019, and (2) a \$375mm residential whole loan securitization in January 2020
- Hedge ratio measures total notional balances of interest rate swaps, interest rate swaptions (excluding receiver swaptions) and futures relative to repurchase agreements, other secured financing and cost basis of TBA derivatives outstanding; excludes MSRs and the effects of term financing, both of which serve to reduce interest rate risk. Additionally, the hedge ratio does not take into consideration differences in duration between
- Average cost of funds includes GAAP interest expense and the net interest component of interest rate swaps.

Residential Credit | Business Update

Annaly's Residential Credit strategy continues to evolve with 55% of the Residential Credit portfolio created through our whole loan platform and our ability to be a programmatic RMBS issuer

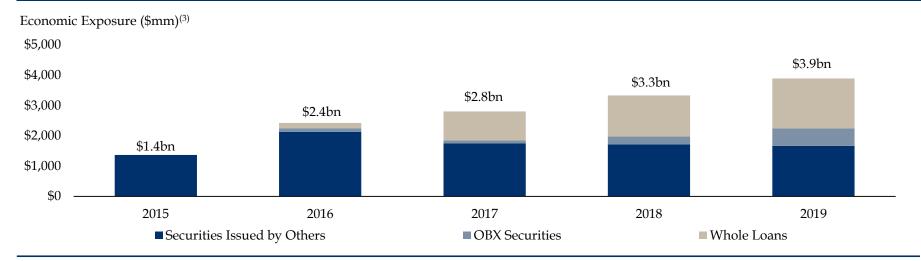
Strategic Approach

- Focus on creating our own investments through the purchase of residential whole loans made to creditworthy borrowers with the ability to make a significant down-payment, but who are underserved by traditional bank lenders
- Utilize securitization as a mechanism to achieve term, non-recourse financing on attractive terms for our whole loan portfolio. Annaly has issued nine RMBS transactions totaling \$3.6bn since 2018
 - Annaly has issued nine RMBS transactions totaling \$3.6bn since the beginning of 2018⁽¹⁾
- Scale whole-loan purchases through unique partnerships with top mortgage originators and established non-QM conduits

Market Trends

- Shortage of attractive securities and tight securitized product spreads favor platforms with the ability to create their own residential credit investments
- Rapid growth of the non-Agency securitization market has benefitted whole loan investors, providing a robust source of term financing
 - The new-issue RMBS market has grown by nearly 190% over the past two years⁽²⁾
- GSE reform is likely to be a tailwind to business over time by reducing market distortions caused by government intervention in the mortgage sector

Portfolio Evolution



Source: Company filings. Financial data as of December 31, 2019.

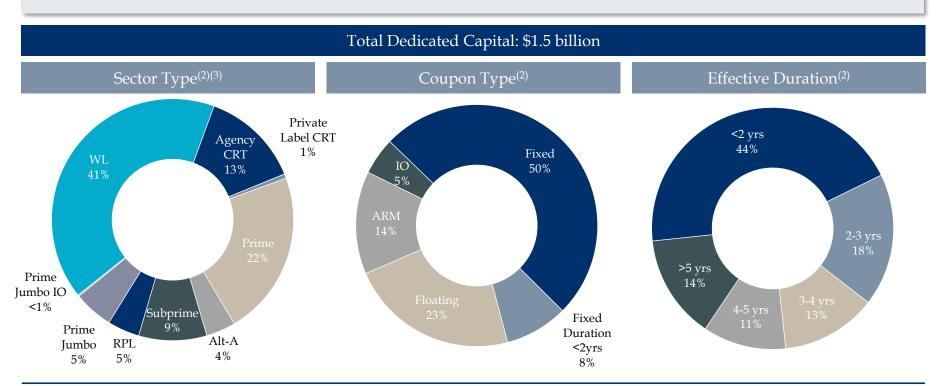
^{1.} Includes 3 residential whole loan securitizations totaling \$1.1bn in 2018, 5 residential whole loan securitizations totaling \$2.1 billion in 2019 and a \$364.6mm residential whole loan securitization in January 2020.

[.] Nomura 2020 Securitized Products Outlook.

Excludes securitized debt of consolidated VIEs.

Residential Credit | Portfolio Summary

- Annaly Residential Credit Portfolio: \$3.9 billion at the end of Q4 2019, an increase of 20% from Q3 2019
- \$465.5 million securitization closed during the quarter, demonstrating Annaly's ability to optimize funding and building on our reputation as a programmatic MBS issuer⁽¹⁾
 - Subsequent to quarter end, priced an additional \$374.6 million securitization backed by agency investor collateral; represents Annaly's ninth non-Agency securitization since the beginning of 2018⁽¹⁾
- Whole loans continue to be the largest area of growth, with 2019 acquisitions increasing by 2x compared to 2018⁽²⁾
 - Purchased \$957 million of residential whole loans in Q4 2019 through bespoke partnership channels
 - Total acquisitions of \$2.7 billion over the last twelve months



Note: Data as of December 31, 2019, unless otherwise noted. Portfolio statistics and percentages are based on fair market value and reflect economic interest in securitizations. Prime Jumbo and Prime classifications include the economic interest of certain positions that are classified as Residential Mortgage Loans within our Consolidated Financial Statements. Percentages may not sum to 100% due to rounding.

1. Total acquisitions excludes loans acquired from the execution of call rights on legacy securitizations.

2. Shown exclusive of securitized residential mortgage loans of a consolidated VIE and loans held by a master servicer in an MSR silo that is consolidated by the Company.

Prime classification includes \$55.3mm of Prime IO.

Onslow Bay Financial LLC



Onslow Bay Overview

Annaly purchases residential whole loans through Onslow Bay Financial LLC

Corporate Background

- Onslow Bay Financial LLC ("Onslow Bay") (previously Onslow Bay Servicing LLC) was formed on July 17, 2013
- Onslow Bay was a wholly owned subsidiary of Hatteras Financial Corp. ("Hatteras"). In July of 2016, Hatteras was acquired by Annaly Capital Management, Inc. ("Annaly")
- In addition to being a HUD approved Investing Mortgagee, Onslow Bay currently holds the requisite state
 mortgage finance licenses, registrations, or exemptions (collectively, the "mortgage finance approvals") to
 purchase residential whole loans in all 50 states and the District of Columbia

Sourcing and Underwriting

- Onslow Bay seeks to purchase closed, funded, performing residential whole loans made to mortgagors with stable incomes and employment histories
- Onslow Bay is not an originator and does not directly service residential whole loans or seek to sell other
 products / services to borrowers. Onslow Bay purchases loans from select originators / aggregators based on
 agreed-upon underwriting guidelines or carve-outs of the seller's underwriting guidelines that fit desired
 documentation requirements or credit characteristics
- Onslow Bay utilizes accredited third party vendors to diligence assets before acquisition, including 100% data, credit, compliance and valuation diligence for new origination loans. Also, a custodian reviews the collateral on every asset before funding

Financing

- Onslow Bay has priced eleven residential whole loan securitizations for an aggregate \$4.0 billion: OBX 2015-1, OBX 2018-1, OBX 2018-EXP1, OBX 2018-EXP2, OBX 2019-INV1, OBX 2019-EXP1, OBX 2019-INV2, OBX 2019-EXP2, OBX 2019-EXP3, OBX 2020-INV1 and OBX 2020-EXP1
- In addition to utilizing the rated securitization market, Annaly has the ability to finance its residential whole loans through its affiliate's membership in the FHLB (Des Moines) (1)

^{1.} Annaly's FHLB financing sunsets in February 2021.

Loan Due Diligence & Servicer Oversight

100% Full Securitization Diligence

 Onslow Bay uses American Mortgage Consultants ("AMC"), Clayton Holdings LLC ("Clayton"), Opus CMC ("Opus") and IngletBlair, LLC ("IngletBlair") to perform independent third party diligence services





 Onslow Bay performs 100% full securitization diligence⁽¹⁾ across Credit, Compliance (RMBS 3.0 TRID Compliance Review) and Valuation

Credit

Adherence to guideline requirements and "Ability to Repay", confirming income, employment, assets, LTV, credit score, etc.

Compliance

Onslow Bay utilizes RMBS 3.0 TRID Compliance Review. Review of preliminary and final disclosures, federal and state guidelines

Valuation

Onslow Bay orders a secondary valuation to confirm appraisal value

Sub-Servicer Oversight

Onslow Bay contracts Select Portfolio Servicing ("SPS"),
 Shellpoint Mortgage Servicing ("SMS") and Specialized Loan
 Servicing ("SLS") to sub-service the whole loans which are purchased "servicing released". Onslow Bay also buys assets servicing retained





Specialized Loan

Servicing

- Onslow Bay engages in continuous dialogue with our subservicers regarding servicing transfers, delinquencies / loss mitigation in addition to a monthly sub-servicing oversight meeting
- SPS, SMS and SLS are all highly rated sub-servicers by the respective rating agencies⁽²⁾:
 - SPS is rated "SQ2+" by Moody's, "RPS1-" by Fitch and "Strong" from S&P. As of December 2019, SPS serviced or subserviced approximately 965k mortgage loans with a UPB of \$170bn
 - SLS is rated "SQ2-" by Moody's, "RPS2+" by Fitch and "Above Average" from S&P. As of December 2019, SLS serviced or subserviced approximately 724k mortgage loans with a UPB of \$114bn
 - SMS is rated "SQ3+-" by Moody's, "RPS2+" by Fitch and "Above Average" from S&P. As of December 2019, SMS serviced or subserviced approximately 1.2mm mortgage loans with a UPB of \$220bn

^{1.} Onslow Bay utilizes full securitization diligence (Credit, Compliance, Valuation) for new origination whole loan purchases. For seasoned whole loan purchases, Onslow Bay may diligence Title/Tax/Lien, servicing comments, pay history and updated FICOs/valuations

^{2.} Moody's ratings are of Primary Servicers of Subprime Residential Loans. Fitch ratings are of Primary Servicers. S&P ratings are of overall rankings of Residential Primary Servicers

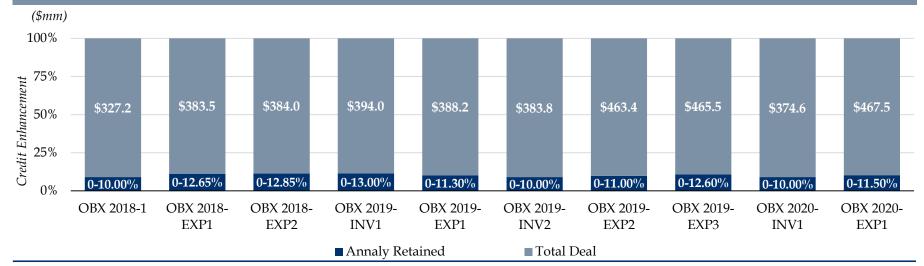
Retained Interest in OBX Shelf

Annaly has retained significantly more assets than mandated by risk retention⁽¹⁾ at issuance

- Annaly utilizes securitization as a mechanism to diversify funding for the whole loan business
 - Securitization is an asset generation strategy
 - Further aligns investor and sponsor interests
- Annaly has retained a significant interest in all securitizations (IO/AIOs and 100% of subordinate bonds) at issuance

	Deal Size	Percentage of Subordinate Bonds Retained
OBX 2018-1	\$327.2mm	100%
OBX 2018-EXP1	\$383.5mm	100%
OBX 2018-EXP2	\$384.0mm	100%
OBX 2019-INV1	\$394.0mm	100%
OBX 2019-EXP1	\$388.2mm	100%
OBX 2019-INV2	\$383.8mm	100%
OBX 2019-EXP2	\$463.4mm	100%
OBX 2019-EXP3	\$465.5mm	100%
OBX 2020-INV1	\$374.6mm	100%
OBX 2020-EXP1	\$467.5mm	100%
Total	\$4,031.7mm	100%

Annaly has held the subordinate bonds B1-B6 in addition to the IO/AIOs off previous securitizations



^{1.} The Securitization Risk Retention Rule implemented under the Dodd-Frank Act requires the securitizer of asset-backed securities to retain at least 5% of the credit risk related to that securitization in either an Eligible Horizontal Residual Interest equal to 5% of the fair value of the ABS interests or an Eligible Vertical Interest equal to 5% of the securities issued (or a combination thereof)

Onslow Bay Securitizations ("OBX")

	OBX 2020-	OBX 2020-	OBX 2019-	OBX 2019-	OBX 2019-	OBX 2019-	OBX 2019-	OBX 2018-	OBX 2018-	OBX 2018-1	OBX 2015-1
	EXP	INV1	EXP3	EXP2	INV2	EXP1	INV1	EXP2	EXP1		
Issue Date	Feb-20	Jan-20	Oct-19	Jul-19	Jun-19	Apr-19	Jan-19	Oct-18	Aug-18	Mar-18	Dec-15
Collateral Type	Expanded	Agency	Expanded	Expanded	Agency	Expanded	Agency	Expanded	Expanded	Seasoned	Prime Jumbo
<u> </u>	Prime	Investor	Prime	Prime	Investor	Prime	Investor	Prime	Prime	Prime ARMs	
Sponsor					Unsic	w Bay Financia	al LLC			Collapse of 2	
										Legacy Deals	
Source of Collateral	Whole Loan	Whole Loan	Whole Loan	Whole Loan	Whole Loan	Whole Loan	Whole Loan	Whole Loan	Whole Loan	+ Seasoned	Prime Jumbo
Source of Condition	Purchase	Purchases	Purchases	Purchases	Purchases	Purchases	Purchases	Purchases	Purchases	Whole Loan	Time junioo
										Purchases	
D. C. A	E't 1 /I/DD A	Moody's /	E't 1 /I/DD A	E't 1 /IZDD A	Moody's /	E't 1 /IZDD A	Moody's /	E't 1 / DDDC	E't 1 / KDD A		CAD / DDDC
Rating Agencies	Fitch/KBRA	KBRA		Fitch/KBRA	DBRS	Fitch/KBRA	KBRA	<u>'</u>	Fitch / KBRA	<u> </u>	·
R&W Framework	Material and	Material and		Material and	Material and	Material and	Material and	Material and			Material and
	Adverse	Adverse	Adverse	Adverse	Adverse	Adverse	Adverse	Adverse	Adverse	Adverse	Adverse
		Delinquency/									D 11
R&W Review		Realized Loss									1 2
	Trigger	Trigger Review	Trigger Review	Trigger Review	Trigger Review	Trigger	Trigger	Trigger	Trigger	Trigger	Trigger
Risk Retention	Review Horizontal	Horizontal	Horizontal	Horizontal	Horizontal	Review Horizontal	Review Horizontal	Review Horizontal	Review Horizontal	Review Vertical	N/A
Original Attachment to											
"AAA"	11.50%	10.00%	12.60%	11.00%	10.00%	11.30%	13.00%	12.85%	12.65%	8.80%	8.55%
Deal Balance	\$467,510,916	\$374,608,743	\$465,491,918	\$463,404,935	\$383,759,828	\$388,155,948	\$393,961,409	\$384,027,255	\$383,451,233	\$327,161,759	\$231,181,631
Pool Factor (1/25 Remit)	N/A	N/A	0.91	0.83	0.80	0.71	0.76	0.70	0.67	0.48	0.32
Average Loan Size	\$649,522	\$355,079	\$633,322	\$628,772	\$353,045	\$648,007	\$336,145	\$636,861	\$664,560	\$354,949	\$767,014
Number of Loans	722	1,055	735	737	1,087	599	1,172	603	577	920	307
WA Gross Coupon	4.86%	4.76%	5.18%	5.30%	5.15%	5.40%	5.09%	5.07%	4.87%	4.00%	3.39%
WA Orig CLTV	68%	67%	66%	65%	65%	66%	67%	67%	67%	42% ⁽¹⁾	69%
WA Original FICO	756	764	758	752	765	753	758	753	751	749	768
WA DTI	38%	36%	37%	35%	37%	36%	38%	36%	35%	N/A	33%
ARM	48%	0%	61%	51%	0%	50%	0%	48%	50%	98%	100%
IO	12%	0%	12%	12%	0%	14%	0%	12%	6%	4%	0%
Investor	20% 3.15%	100%	31%	23%	100% N/A	12%	100%	31% 3.19%	26% 3.12%	13% 2.88%	4% 2.25%
WA Margin WALA	3.15% 7	N/A 5	3.44%	3.35%	6	3.05%	N/A 7	3.19%	3.12%	124	8
Top State	CA 55%	CA 52%	CA 49%	CA 53%	CA 59%	CA 60%	CA 56%	CA 62%	CA 64%	CA 43%	CA 49%
OM	9%	0%	7%	7%	0%	7%	0%	15%	29%	4%	97%
Non-QM/ATR Exempt	91%	100%	93%	93%	100%	93%	100%	85%	71%	96%	3%
Full Doc(2)	44%	100%	41%	47%	100%	40%	100%	29%	68%	N/A	100%
Alt-Doc	56%	0%	59%	53%	0%	60%	0%	71%	32%	N/A	0%
3M VPR	N/A	N/A	29.7%	29.8%	36.0%	35.0%	26.7%	25.4%	32.3%	38.1%	37.5%
6M VPR	N/A	N/A	N/A	30.0%	31.6%	35.2%	24.8%	25.5%	32.0%	37.4%	34.8%
12M VPR	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	22.9%	24.4%	25.4%	33.7%	27.6%
60+ Delinquencies	N/A	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.34%	0.10%	0.88%	0.76%	2.9%	0.00%
Cumulative Losses	N/A	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Voluntary Prepayment Rates (VPRs), 60+ delinquencies and cumulative losses as of the January 25, 2020 remittance period.

Represents updated CLTV.

^{2.} Full documentation includes all GSE eligible loans.

Onslow Bay Expanded Prime ("EXP") Securitization Program



Onslow Bay Residential Whole Loan Target Acquisitions

- The summary below is representative of the "Expanded Prime" guidelines Onslow Bay utilizes to purchase whole loans through an originator / aggregator network
- Onslow Bay targets high quality borrowers with significant down payments and reserves

	"Expanded Prime" Acquisition Programs					
	Full Doc (Wage Earner)	Full Doc (Self Employed)	Bank Statement	Asset Utilization		
Income Qualification	2 Years W2, YTD Paystub, 4506-T Transcripts	2 Years Personal / Business Tax Returns, K1s / Schedules, 4506-T 1040 transcripts	12 or 24 Months Consecutive Personal or Business Bank Statements	Borrowers Must Have A Minimum Amount of Qualified Assets		
Borrower Qualification	Wage Earners	Self-Employed Borrowers	Self Employed Borrowers Only, Minimum of 2 Years Experience	Utilization Draw Schedule, Net Documented Assets		
Employment Verification	Verbal Verification of Employment	Verification Through 3rd Party	Business License, CPA Letter, etc.	N/A		
Asset Seasoning	2 Months	2 Months	2 Months	>6 Months Seasoning		
Housing Event Seasoning (FC, SS, Deed in Lieu, BK, Mod)	48 Months	48 Months	48 Months	48 Months		
Recent Housing History(1)	0x30x12	0x30x12	0x30x12	0x30x12		
Min FICO / Max LTV (Lowest FICO), Purchase / Rate Refi ⁽²⁾	660/80	660/80	680/65	680/75		
Min FICO / Max LTV (Highest LTV), Purchase / Rate Refi ⁽²⁾	700/90	700/90	740/85	680/75		
Max DTI(2)	50%	50%	50%	50%		

 ¹ Year seasoning period for any 30 day delinquency

^{2.} Represent Onslow Bay credit overlays

Onslow Bay Residential Whole Loan Target Acquisitions (cont'd)

- Onslow Bay also purchases 12 Month Profit and Loss ("PnL") and Debt Service Coverage Ratio ("DSCR") Investor loans
- The summary below is representative of the guidelines Onslow Bay utilizes to purchase whole loans through an originator / aggregator network

	"Expanded Prime" Acquisition Programs					
	1 Year Tax Return	12 Month PnL	Written VOE	DSCR Investor		
Income Qualification	1 Year Personal and Business Tax Returns	12 Month Prepared PnL Statement	Written VOE (FNMA Form 1005)	Appraisal Market Rents / Subject Lease		
Borrower Qualification	Self Employed Borrowers Only, Minimum of 2 Years Experience	Self-Employed Borrowers (Minimum 2 Years Experience)	Wage Earners	1.20x Global DSCR, 0.75x Primary DSCR		
Employment Verification	Business License, CPA Letter, etc.	Business License, Letter from Tax Preparer, CPA Letter	Verbal VOE	Employment Letter / CPA, Min 2 Years SE		
Asset Seasoning	2 Months	2 Months	2 Months	1 Month Seasoning / Explanation of Asset Savings		
Housing Event Seasoning (FC, SS, Deed in Lieu, BK, Mod)	48 Months	48 Months	48 Months	0x30x24 ⁽¹⁾		
Recent Housing History	0x30x12	0x30x12 ⁽²⁾	0x30x12 ⁽²⁾	$0x30x24^{(1)}$		
Min FICO / Max LTV (Lowest FICO), Purchase / Rate Refi ⁽³⁾	680/65	700/75	700/75	680/60		
Min FICO / Max LTV (Highest LTV), Purchase / Rate Refi ⁽³⁾	740/85	700/75	700/75	680/60		
Max DTI(3)	50%	50%	47%	N/A		

 ² Year seasoning period for any 30 day delinquency

¹ Year seasoning period for any 30 day delinquency

Represent Onslow Bay credit overlays

Onslow Bay Expanded Prime Securitizations (OBX EXP)

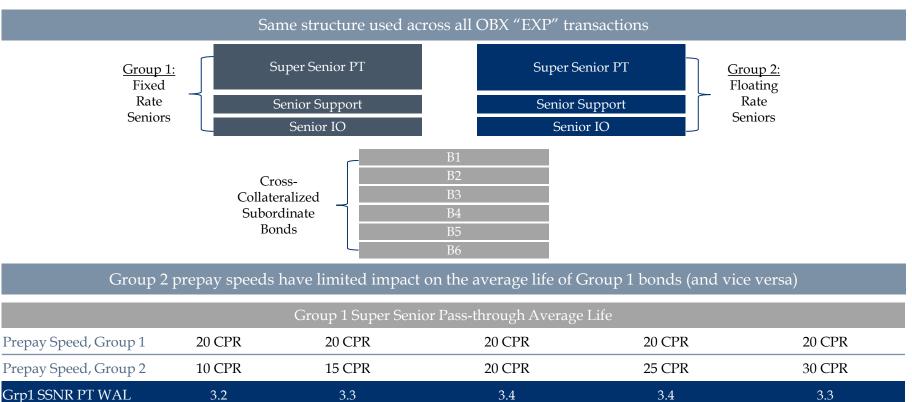
	OBX 2020-EXP1	OBX 2019-EXP3	OBX 2019-EXP2	OBX 2019-EXP1	OBX 2018-EXP2	OBX 2018-EXP1
Issue Date	Expected Feb-20	Oct-19	Jul-19	Apr-19	Oct-18	Aug-18
Collateral Type	Expanded Prime					
Sponsor	-	-	Onslow Bay Fi	nancial LLC	-	_
Source of Collateral	Whole Loan Purchases					
Rating Agencies	Fitch / KBRA	Fitch / KBRA	Fitch / KBRA	Fitch / KBRA	Fitch / DBRS	Fitch / KBRA
R&W Framework	Material and Adverse					
R&W Review	Delinquency/ Realized Loss Trigger Review					
Risk Retention	Horizontal	Horizontal	Horizontal	Horizontal	Horizontal	Horizontal
Original Attachment to "AAA"	11.50%	12.60%	11.00%	11.30%	12.85%	12.65%
Deal Balance	\$467,510,916	\$465,491,918	\$463,404,935	\$388,155,948	\$384,027,255	\$383,451,233
Pool Factor (1/25 Remit)	N/A	0.91	0.83	0.71	0.70	0.67
Average Loan Size	\$647,522	\$633,322	\$628,772	\$648,007	\$636,861	\$664,560
Number of Loans	722	735	737	599	603	577
WA Gross Coupon	4.86%	5.18%	5.30%	5.40%	5.07%	4.87%
WA Orig CLTV	68%	66%	65%	66%	67%	67%
WA Original FICO	756	758	752	753	753	751
WA DTI	38%	37%	35%	36%	36%	35%
ARM	48%	61%	51%	50%	48%	50%
IO	12%	12%	12%	14%	12%	6%
Investor	20%	31%	23%	12%	31%	26%
WA Margin	3.15%	3.44%	3.35%	3.05%	3.19%	3.12%
WALA	7	13	20	13	12	17
Top State	CA 55%	CA 49%	CA 53%	CA 60%	CA 62%	CA 64%
QM	9%	7%	7%	7%	15%	29%
Non-QM/ATR Exempt	91%	93%	93%	93%	85%	71%
Full Doc ⁽¹⁾	44%	41%	47%	40%	29%	68%
Alt-Doc	56%	59%	53%	60%	71%	32%
3M VPR	N/A	29.7%	29.8%	35.0%	25.4%	32.3%
6M VPR	N/A	N/A	30.0	35.2%	25.5%	32.0%
12M VPR	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	24.4%	25.4%
60+ Delinquencies	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	0.34%	0.88%	0.76%
Cumulative Losses	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Voluntary Prepayment Rates (VPRs), 60+ delinquencies and cumulative losses as of the January 25, 2020 remittance period.

^{1.} Full documentation includes all GSE eligible loans

Representative OBX "EXP" Structure: OBX 2020-EXP1

Group 1 (Fixed) and Group 2 (ARM): "Y-Structure" With Subordinate Bonds Cross-Collateralized



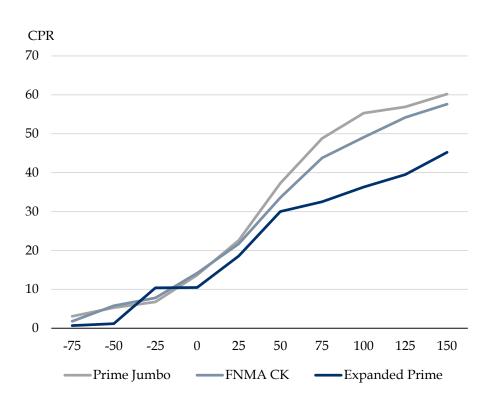
Grp1 SSNR PT WAL	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.3
		Group 2 Super Seni	or Pass-through Average I	Life	
Prepay Speed, Group 1	10 CPR	15 CPR	20 CPR	25 CPR	30 CPR
Prepay Speed, Group 2	20 CPR	20 CPR	20 CPR	20 CPR	20 CPR
Grp2 SSNR PT WAL	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.3

Expanded Prime Convexity: Market Data

Expanded Prime programs have demonstrated superior convexity compared to the Agency Jumbo and Prime Jumbo sectors

• The tables below were published by Wells Fargo Research in the Non-Agency Performance Monitor dated February 5, 2020

Prime Jumbo, Fannie Mae CK, and Expanded Prime S-Curve Comparison

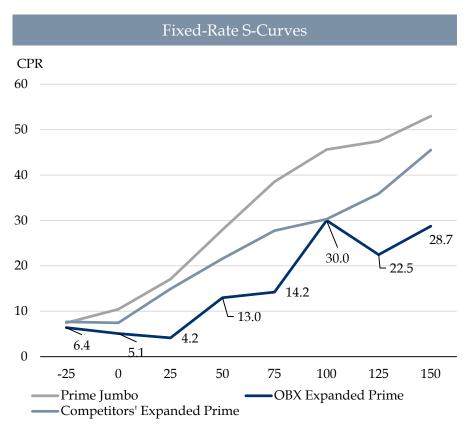


Rate Incentive	Prime Jumbo	FNMA Jumbo (CK)	Expanded Prime
-100	2.2	0.3	
-75	3.1	1.8	0.7
-50	5.3	5.8	1.2
-25	6.8	7.8	10.4
0	13.7	14.2	10.5
25	22.6	21.7	18.6
50	37.3	33.6	30.0
75	48.8	43.8	32.5
100	55.3	49.1	36.3
125	56.9	54.2	39.5
150	60.2	57.6	45.2

OBX Expanded Prime Convexity

Onslow Bay's Expanded Prime program has demonstrated superior convexity compared to selected competitors, driven by observable loan characteristics

- Fixed rate loans in OBX transactions (Group 1) have prepaid significantly slower than those in selected competitors' deals
- This has been driven by obstacles that borrowers face in refinancing loans on investor properties or those with limited documentation, in addition to lower average loan sizes in the Onslow Bay program



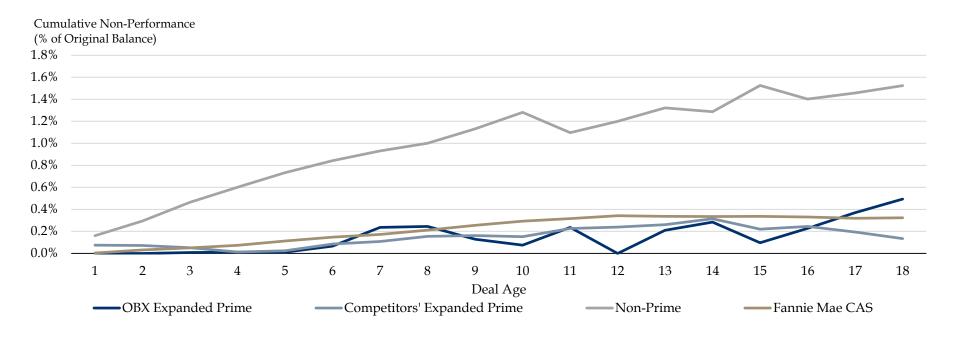
Fixed-Rate Prepays by Loan Characteristics				
Onslow Bay (OBX)	Expanded Prime Competitors			
46.2%	78.3%			
\$736,143	\$778,591			
28.8	32.4			
26.9%	2.3%			
\$534,353	\$600,026			
24.1	27.8			
26.9%	19.4%			
\$540,345	\$660,527			
17.8	22.2			
\$613,853	\$747,550			
24.1	30.2			
	Onslow Bay (OBX) 46.2% \$736,143 28.8 26.9% \$534,353 24.1 26.9% \$540,345 17.8			

Expanded Prime Credit Performance

Expanded Prime delinquency rates have been extremely low

- While credit performance has been strong across the securitized universe, Expanded Prime programs have had significantly lower non-performance rates than Non-Prime, a trend that we expect would continue across different macroeconomic cycles
- Onslow Bay's non-performance rate is comparable to our Expanded Prime competitors despite the presence of factors that have reduced Onslow Bay's borrowers' ability to prepay (better convexity)

Cumulative Non-Performance by Deal Age (% of Original Balance)



Onslow Bay Agency Investor ("INV") Collateral



GSE Single Family (1-4 Unit) Investor Loans

Loans are underwritten to individual borrower, not property

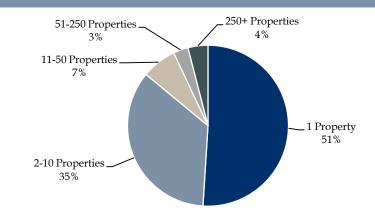
GSE's Provide Financing for Investment Properties

- GSE Investor loans are originated using the borrower's entire financial profile (FICO, debt to income (DTI), reserves, etc.) and property LTV
- Similar to an owner occupied or second home mortgage origination, GSE Investor loans are underwritten utilizing a borrower's DTI. The borrower's DTI cannot exceed 50% including property income / loss
- Business purpose lending concepts such as debt service coverage ratio (DSCR) and debt yield are not utilized. Most DSCR lending programs do not utilize the borrower's financials in the underwrite
- Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac limit the number of financed properties to 10 (including principal residence). Both have additional restrictions on greater than six properties

Fannie Mae Investment Property Qualifying Rental Income (or Loss)

- Federal Income Tax Returns
 - Using Schedule E, add back depreciation, interest, HOA dues, taxes, or insurance expenses to borrower's cash flow
- Lease Agreements or Form 1007 or Form 1025
 - Lender must calculate rental income by multiplying gross monthly rent by 75%. Remaining 25% of gross rent absorbed by vacancy losses and ongoing maintenance expenses

Single Family Investor Ownership Concentration



Fannie Mae Treatment of Rental Income (or Loss)

- If the monthly qualifying rental income minus the full PITIA is positive, it will be added to the borrower's monthly income
- If the monthly qualifying rental income minus PITIA is negative, the monthly net rental loss must be added to the borrower's monthly obligations

Agency Eligible Investor Credit Performance

Initial Super Senior (SSNR) Credit Enhancement (20%) is >5x the life to date cumulative loss experienced by the '07 vintage (3.9%), re-weighted by OBX 2020-INV1 collateral



Cumulative Loss ——AAA Attachment Point

Reference Vintage 2007								
FICO Bucket	LTV	UPB	Factor	Default Rate	Loss Rate	Severity	Delinquency Rate	Mod Rate
<= 700	<= 50	\$1.88	11.96%	4.17%	1.60%	38.32	0.34%	0.44%
700 to 740	<= 50	\$4.97	5.43%	3.18%	1.21%	37.99	0.32%	0.30%
740 to 780	<= 50	\$11.94	5.46%	0.94%	0.28%	29.51	0.14%	0.16%
> 780	<= 50	\$22.45	3.77%	0.60%	0.16%	27.04	0.00%	0.02%
<= 700	50 to 60	\$3.60	9.86%	12.08%	4.66%	38.58	0.32%	1.43%
700 to 740	50 to 60	\$12.20	6.22%	6.95%	2.78%	40.01	0.23%	0.47%
740 to 780	50 to 60	\$11.72	4.85%	3.64%	0.93%	25.49	0.17%	0.70%
> 780	50 to 60	\$19.70	2.94%	1.77%	0.56%	31.67	0.00%	0.06%
<= 700	60 to 70	\$5.14	10.65%	21.43%	10.11%	47.19	0.34%	2.54%
700 to 740	60 to 70	\$19.22	6.69%	13.30%	6.07%	45.64	0.22%	1.61%
740 to 780	60 to 70	\$29.66	5.13%	9.43%	3.84%	40.73	0.06%	0.59%
> 780	60 to 70	\$32.72	3.79%	5.20%	2.09%	40.24	0.05%	0.16%
<= 700	70 to 80	\$6.76	8.50%	24.09%	11.71%	48.60	0.37%	1.63%
700 to 740	70 to 80	\$45.99	5.41%	18.34%	8.03%	43.80	0.10%	0.91%
740 to 780	70 to 80	\$66.46	4.04%	12.19%	5.19%	42.58	0.11%	0.38%
> 780	70 to 80	\$80.21	3.57%	6.07%	2.69%	44.36	0.01%	0.21%
<= 700	> 80	\$0.00	7.90%	29.23%	14.81%	50.68	0.28%	1.78%
700 to 740	> 80	\$0.00	6.43%	24.52%	11.93%	48.66	0.09%	0.57%
740 to 780	> 80	\$0.00	5.76%	20.44%	9.78%	47.84	0.08%	0.46%
> 780	> 80	\$0.00	4.77%	13.76%	6.54%	47.52	0.03%	0.28%
Total		\$374.61	4.66%	9.00%	3.87%	40.43%	0.09%	0.50%

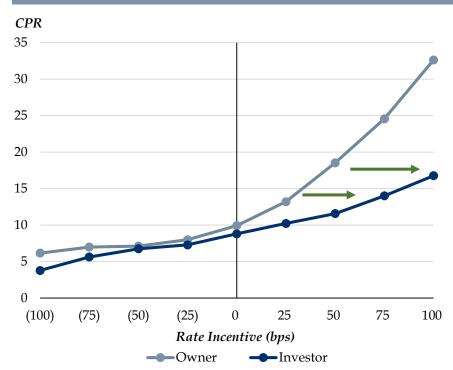
Reference Vintage 2013								
FICO Bucket	LTV	UPB	Factor	Default Rate	Loss Rate	Severity	Delinquency Rate	Mod Rate
<= 700	<= 50	\$1.88	44.11%	0.11%	0.08%	78.96	0.03%	0.00%
700 to 740	<= 50	\$4.97	45.94%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00	0.06%	0.00%
740 to 780	<= 50	\$11.94	50.60%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00	0.01%	0.00%
> 780	<= 50	\$22.45	52.22%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00	0.01%	0.00%
<= 700	50 to 60	\$3.60	45.34%	0.14%	0.03%	20.39	0.25%	0.00%
700 to 740	50 to 60	\$12.20	45.52%	0.02%	0.00%	-4.60	0.13%	0.00%
740 to 780	50 to 60	\$11.72	49.47%	0.01%	0.01%	114.59	0.00%	0.00%
> 780	50 to 60	\$19.70	49.52%	0.00%	0.00%	20.52	0.01%	0.00%
<= 700	60 to 70	\$5.14	41.53%	0.22%	0.11%	50.92	0.09%	0.00%
700 to 740	60 to 70	\$19.22	43.31%	0.12%	0.04%	34.04	0.05%	0.00%
740 to 780	60 to 70	\$29.66	46.49%	0.01%	0.00%	15.23	0.04%	0.00%
> 780	60 to 70	\$32.72	48.00%	0.02%	0.01%	57.10	0.00%	0.00%
<= 700	70 to 80	\$6.76	40.00%	0.26%	0.13%	49.29	0.35%	0.01%
700 to 740	70 to 80	\$45.99	41.58%	0.10%	0.06%	53.16	0.09%	0.00%
740 to 780	70 to 80	\$66.46	43.84%	0.03%	0.01%	36.79	0.01%	0.00%
> 780	70 to 80	\$80.21	45.25%	0.02%	0.00%	22.86	0.01%	0.00%
<= 700	> 80	\$0.00	29.94%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
700 to 740	> 80	\$0.00	30.87%	0.65%	0.06%	9.42	0.00%	0.00%
740 to 780	> 80	\$0.00	30.82%	0.75%	0.20%	26.38	0.00%	0.00%
> 780	> 80	\$0.00	30.87%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
Total		\$374.61	45.60%	0.04%	0.02%	35.77%	0.04%	0.00%

Source: Fannie Mae.

Agency Eligible Investor Convexity

Agency Eligible Investor loans appear to show beneficial convexity characteristics

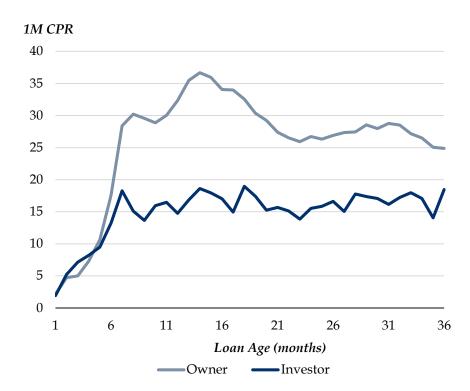




- After controlling for loan size, the S-curve for investor properties mirrors the ~40bps elbow shift implied by the LLPAs
- Investor loans in this cohort demonstrated superior convexity compared to owner-occupied loans

Seasoning Ramp by Occupancy⁽²⁾

- Prepayment speeds for Investor properties ramp up more quickly than comparable owner-occupied loans
 - Terminal speed for investor loans has been lower than for owneroccupied loans



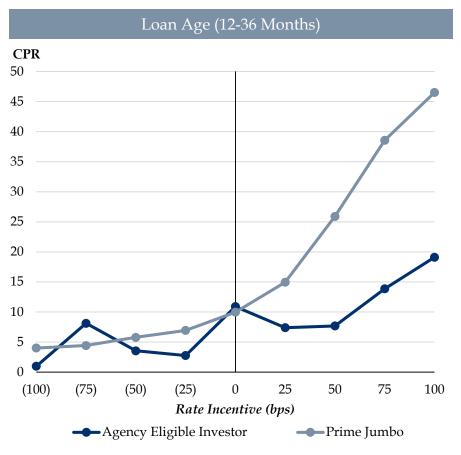
Source: Fannie Mae, CPRCDR

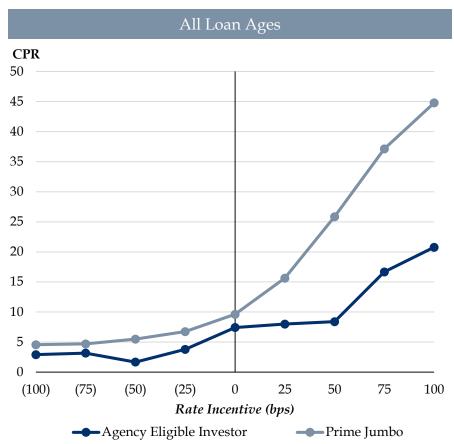
^{1.} Curves are restricted to 30 year fixed-rate, 12-36 WALA, \$250-350k loan size split by occupancy. References CPR from January 2017-January 2020

^{2.} Curves are restricted to 30 year fixed-rate, \$250-350k loan size with 75-125bps of rate incentive observed from January 2017-January 2020

Agency Eligible Investor Convexity

Agency Eligible Investor securitizations have demonstrated a significant convexity benefit compared to Prime Jumbo





Agency Investor versus Prime Jumbo

OBX 2020-INV1 contained ~78% spec pool or TBA collateral at issuance

- ~100% of the loans in OBX 2020-INV1 are eligible to be delivered to the GSEs (DU/LP certificate)
 - ~78% of the loans would trade at a pay up to TBA or would be delivered into TBA (Non Owner Occupied, "NOO")
- Prime Jumbo securitizations contain high percentages of Agency CK or Non-Agency Jumbo collateral. The recent prime jumbo transaction below can be used as an example, trading ~1-00 point back of FNCL 3.5's. ~97% of the collateral comprising the recent prime jumbo securitization is either Agency CK or Non-Agency Jumbo
- Sum of the parts analysis would have OBX 2020-INV1 being valued at a payup to TBA, versus the recent prime jumbo securitization trading back of TBA

		OBX 2020-INV1 (Agency Investor)			Recent Prime Jumbo Securitization (Prime Jumbo)		
Collateral Type	Pay Up to FNCL 3.5 ⁽¹⁾	UPB	% of UPB	Pay up Allocation	UPB	% of UPB	Pay up Allocation
Spec Pool Stories							
125k Max	3.38	0.1 <i>mm</i>	0.03%	0.00	0.0mm	0.00%	0.00
150k Max	3.13	0.5mm	0.14%	0.00	0.0mm	0.00%	0.00
175k Max	2.28	8.7mm	2.32%	0.05	0.0mm	0.00%	0.00
200k Max	2.03	7.2mm	1.93%	0.04	0.0mm	0.00%	0.00
100% NY	3.28	3.4mm	0.92%	0.03	21.6mm	2.76%	0.09
Investor	1.09	273.2mm	72.94%	0.80	0.0mm	0.00%	0.00
TBA	-	0.0mm	0.00%	0.00	3.5mm	0.44%	0.00
Agency CK/Jumbo	-0.75	81.4mm	21.72%	-0.20	756.8mm	96.79%	-0.73
Sum of Parts Analysis		374.6mm	100.00%	0.76	781.9mm	100.00%	-0.64

^{1.} Source: Annaly calculations. Specified Pool pay-ups as of February 13, 2019.

Appendix: Non-GAAP Reconciliations



Non-GAAP Reconciliations

The Company calculates "core earnings", a non-GAAP measure, as the sum of (a) economic net interest income, (b) TBA dollar roll income and CMBX coupon income, (c) realized amortization of MSRs, (d) other income (loss) (excluding depreciation and amortization expense on real estate and related intangibles, non-core income allocated to equity method investments and other non-core components of other income (loss)), (e) general and administrative expenses (excluding transaction expenses and non-recurring items) and (f) income taxes (excluding the income tax effect of non-core income (loss) items), and core earnings (excluding PAA), which is defined as core earnings excluding the premium amortization adjustment representing the cumulative impact on prior periods, but not the current period, of quarter-over-quarter changes in estimated long-term prepayment speeds related to the Company's Agency mortgage-backed securities.

Non-GAAP Reconciliations (*cont'd*)

Unaudited, dollars in thousands except per share amounts

To supplement its consolidated financial statements, which are prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP, the Company provides non-GAAP financial measures. These measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures computed in accordance with GAAP. These non-GAAP measures provide additional detail to enhance investor understanding of the Company's period-over-period operating performance and business trends, as well as for assessing the Company's performance versus that of industry peers. Reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP results are provided below and on the next page.

	For the quarters ended					
	12/31/2019	9/30/2019	6/30/2019	3/31/2019	12/31/2018	
GAAP to Core Reconciliation						
GAAP net income (loss)	\$1,209,742	(\$747,169)	(\$1,776,413)	(\$849,251)	(\$2,254,872	
Net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	68	(110)	(83)	(101)	17	
Net income (loss) attributable to Annaly	\$1,209,674	(\$747,059)	(\$1,776,330)	(\$849,150)	(\$2,254,889	
Adjustments to excluded reported realized and unrealized (gains) losses:						
Realized (gains) losses on termination of interest rate swaps	4,615	682,602	167,491	588,256	-	
Unrealized (gains) losses on interest rate swaps	(782,608)	326,309	1,276,019	390,556	1,313,882	
Net (gains) losses on disposal of investments	(17,783)	(66,522)	38,333	93,916	747,505	
Net (gains) losses on other derivatives	42,312	16,888	506,411	115,159	484,872	
Net unrealized (gains) losses on instruments measured at fair value through earnings	5,636	1,091	4,881	(47,629)	18,169	
Loan loss provision	7,362	3,504	-	5,703	3,496	
Adjustments to exclude components of other (income) loss:						
Depreciation and amortization expense related to commercial real estate ⁽¹⁾	9,823	9,974	10,147	10,114	11,000	
Non-core (income) loss allocated to equity method investments (2)	(3,979)	4,541	11,327	9,496	(10,307	
Adjustments to exclude components of general and administrative expenses and income taxes:						
Transaction expenses and non-recurring items (3)	3,634	2,622	3,046	9,982	3,816	
Income tax effect on non-core income (loss) items	(418)	(2,762)	(3,507)	726	3,334	
Adjustments to add back components of realized and unrealized (gains) losses:						
TBA dollar roll income and CMBX coupon income (4)	36,901	15,554	33,229	38,134	69,572	
MSR amortization ⁽⁵⁾	(22,120)	(21,963)	(19,657)	(13,979)	(18,753	
Core earnings*	493,049	224,779	251,390	351,284	371,697	
Less:						
Premium amortization adjustment (PAA) cost (benefit)	(83,892)	117,152	139,763	81,871	45,472	
Core Earnings (excluding PAA)*	\$409,157	\$341,931	\$391,153	\$433,155	\$417,169	
Dividends on preferred stock	35,509	36,151	32,422	32,494	32,494	
Core Earnings attributable to common shareholders *	\$457,540	\$188,628	\$218,968	\$318,790	\$339,203	
Core Earnings (excluding PAA) attributable to common shareholders *	\$373,648	\$305,780	\$358,731	\$400,661	\$384,675	
GAAP net income (loss) per average common share ⁽⁶⁾	\$0.82	(\$0.54)	(\$1.24)	(\$0.63)	(\$1.74	
Core earnings per average common share (6)*	\$0.32	\$0.13	\$0.15	\$0.23	\$0.26	
Core earnings (excluding PAA) per average common share (6)*	\$0.26	\$0.21	\$0.25	\$0.29	\$0.29	
Annualized GAAP return (loss) on average equity	31.20%	(19.32%)	(45.13%)	(22.72%)	(62.05%	
Annualized core return on average equity (excluding PAA)*	10.56%	8.85%	9.94%	11.59%	11.48%	

* Represents a non-GAAP financial measure.

MTGE transaction and costs incurred in connection with a securitization of residential whole loans for the quarter ended December 31, 2018.

of \$0.3mm on the Company's Series I Preferred Stock as of June 30, 2019.

Includes depreciation and amortization expense related to equity method investments.

The Company excludes non-core (income) loss allocated to equity method investments, which represents the unrealized (gains) losses allocated to equity interests in a portfolio of MSR, which is a component of Other income (loss). The quarter ended December 31, 2018 also includes a realized gain on sale within an unconsolidated joint venture, which is a 5. component of Other income (loss).

The quarter ended December 31, 2019 represents costs incurred in connection with a securitization of Agency mortgage-backed securities and a securitization of residential whole 6. loans. The quarters ended September 30, 2019 and June 30, 2019 represent costs incurred with securitizations of residential whole loans. Represents costs incurred in connection with a securitization of commercial loans and a securitization of residential whole loans for the quarter ended March 31, 2019. Represents costs incurred in connection with the

TBA dollar roll income and CMBX coupon income each represent a component of net gains (losses) on other derivatives. CMBX coupon income totaled \$1.3mm, \$1.5mm, \$0.8mm, \$1.1mm, and \$1.2mm for the quarters ended December 31, 2019, September 30, 2019, June 30, 2019, March 31, 2019, and December 31, 2018, respectively

MSR amortization represents the portion of changes in fair value that is attributable to the realization of estimated cash flows on the Company's MSR portfolio and is reported as a component of Net unrealized gains (losses) on instruments measured at fair value. Net of dividends on preferred stock. The quarter ended September 30, 2019 excludes, and the quarter ended June 30, 2019 includes, cumulative and undeclared dividends

Non-GAAP Reconciliations (cont'd)

Unaudited, dollars in thousands

		For the quarters ended					
	12/31/2019	9/30/2019	6/30/2019	3/31/2019	12/31/2018		
Premium Amortization Reconciliation							
Premium amortization expense	\$171,447	\$376,306	\$318,587	\$247,446	\$220,131		
Less:							
PAA cost (benefit)	(83,892)	117,152	139,763	81,871	45,472		
Premium amortization expense (excluding PAA)	\$255,339	\$259,154	\$178,824	\$165,575	\$174,659		
Interest Income (excluding PAA) Reconciliation							
GAAP interest income	\$1,074,214	\$919,299	\$927,598	\$866,186	\$859,674		
PAA cost (benefit)	(83,892)	117,152	139,763	81,871	45,472		
Interest income (excluding PAA)*	\$990,322	\$1,036,451	\$1,067,361	\$948,057	\$905,146		
Economic Interest Expense Reconciliation							
GAAP interest expense	\$620,058	\$766,905	\$750,217	\$647,695	\$586,774		
Add:							
Net interest component of interest rate swaps ⁽¹⁾	(45,221)	(88,466)	(83,653)	(134,035)	(65,889)		
Economic interest expense*(1)	\$574,837	\$678,439	\$666,564	\$513,660	\$520,885		
Economic Net Interest Income (excluding PAA) Reconciliation							
Interest income (excluding PAA)	\$990,322	\$1,036,451	\$1,067,361	\$948,057	\$905,146		
Less:							
Economic interest expense*(1)	574,837	678,439	666,564	513,660	520,885		
Economic net interest income (excluding PAA)*(1)	\$415,485	\$358,012	\$400,797	\$434,397	\$384,261		
Economic Metrics (excluding PAA)							
Average interest earning assets	\$121,801,951	\$127,207,668	\$122,601,881	\$109,946,527	\$107,232,861		
Interest income (excluding PAA)*	\$990,322	\$1,036,451	\$1,067,361	\$948,057	\$905,146		
Average yield on interest earning assets (excluding PAA)*	3.25%	3.26%	3.48%	3.45%	3.38%		
Average interest bearing liabilities	\$111,873,379	\$116,391,094	\$109,628,007	\$95,529,819	\$91,746,160		
Economic interest expense*(1)	574,837	678,439	666,564	513,660	520,885		
Average cost of interest bearing liabilities ⁽¹⁾	2.01%	2.28%	2.41%	2.15%	2.22%		
Economic net interest income (excluding PAA)*(1)	\$415,485	\$358,012	\$400,797	\$434,397	\$384,261		
Net interest spread (excluding PAA)*	1.24%	0.98%	1.07%	1.30%	1.16%		
7 1 11 754 45%	#000.222	#1.00 € 4 51	#1 0 CF 0 C1	#0.40.0EF	#005 116		
Interest income (excluding PAA)*	\$990,322	\$1,036,451	\$1,067,361	\$948,057	\$905,146		
TBA dollar roll income and CMBX coupon income	36,901	15,554	33,229	38,134	69,572		
Interest expense	(620,058)	(766,905)	(750,217)	(647,695)	(586,774)		
Net interest component of interest rate swaps Subtotal	45,221 \$452,386	88,466 \$373,566	83,653 \$434,026	134,035 \$472,531	65,889 \$453,833		
Average interest earning assets	\$121,801,951	\$127,207,668	\$122,601,881	\$109,946,527	\$107,232,861		
Average TBA contract and CMBX balances Subtotal	6,878,502 \$128,680,453	9,248,502 \$136,456,170	12,757,975 \$135,359,856	14,927,490 \$124,874,017	14,788,453 \$122,021,314		
Net interest margin (excluding PAA)*	1.41%	1.10%	1.28%	1.51%	1.49%		
Net mierest margin (excluding r AA)	1.41 %	1.10%	1.20%	1.31%	1.49%		

Represents a non-GAAP financial measure.

Average cost of interest bearing liabilities represents annualized economic interest expense divided by average interest bearing liabilities. Average interest bearing liabilities reflects the average amortized cost during the period. Economic interest expense is comprised of GAAP interest expense and the net interest component of interest rate swaps.